

Information Summary

CITY FILE NUMBERS: OZS-2021-0022

Notwithstanding the information summary provided below, staff advise that, prior to finalizing recommendations to Council, this application will be further evaluated for consistency with the Provincial Policy Statement (2020), conformity with the Growth Plan for the Greater Golden Horseshoe (2019), the Regional of Peel Official Plan and the City of Brampton Official Plan.

Planning Act R.S.O 1990 and Provincial Policy Statement, 2020

The application will be evaluated against the Provincial Policy Statement to ensure that the proposal is consistent with matters of provincial interest. A preliminary assessment of the Provincial Policy Statement sections applicant to this application include but are not limited to:

- the adequate provision and efficient use of communication, transportation, sewage and water services and waste management systems (section 2 f);
- the orderly development of safe and healthy communities (section 2 h);
- the accessibility for persons with disabilities to all facilities, services and matters to which this Act applies (section 2 h.1);
- the adequate provision and distribution of educational, health, social, cultural and recreational facilities (section 2 i);
- the adequate provision of a full range of housing, including affordable housing (section 2 j);
- the protection of public health and safety (section 2 o);
- the appropriate location of growth and development (section 2 p);
- the promotion of development that is designed to be sustainable, to support public transit and to be oriented to pedestrians (section 2 q); and,
- the promotion of built-form that is well-designed, encourages a sense of place and provides for high quality public spaces (section 2 r).

The proposal will also be reviewed for its compliance to the Provincial Policy Statement 2020 (PPS). The PPS policies that are applicable to this application include but are not limited to:

- promoting efficient development and land use patterns which sustain the financial well-being of the Province and municipalities over the long term (section 1.1.1 a);
- accommodating an appropriate affordable and market-based range and mix of residential types (including single detached, additional residential units, multi-housing housing, affordable housing and housing for older persons), employment (including industrial and commercial), institutional (including places of worship, cemeteries and long-term care homes), recreation, park and open space, and other uses to meet long-term needs (section 1.1.1 b);

- avoiding development and land use patterns which may cause environmental or public health and safety concerns (section 1.1.1 c);
- avoiding development and land use patterns that would prevent the efficient expansion of settlement areas in those areas which are adjacent or close to settlement areas (section 1.1.1 d);
- promoting the integration of land use planning, growth management, transit-supportive development, intensification and infrastructure planning to achieve cost-effective development patterns, optimization of transit investments, and standards to minimize land consumption and servicing costs (section 1.1.1 e);
- improving accessibility for persons with disabilities and older persons by addressing land use barriers which restrict their full participation in society (section 1.1.1 f);
- ensuring that necessary infrastructure and public service facilities are or will be available to meet current and projected needs (section 1.1.1 g);
- preparing for the regional and local impacts of a changing climate (section 1.1.1 i);
- *Settlement areas* shall be the focus of growth (section 1.1.3.1);
- land use patterns within settlement areas shall be based on densities and a mix of land uses which (section 1.1.3.2 a to f):
 - efficiently use land and resources;
 - are appropriate for, and effectively use, the infrastructure and public service facilities which are planned or available, and avoid the need for their unjustified and/or uneconomical expansion;
 - minimize negative impacts to air quality and climate change, and promote energy efficiency;
 - prepare for the impacts of a changing climate;
 - support active transportation;
 - are transit-supportive, where transit is planned, exists or may be developed;
- planning authorities shall identify appropriate locations and promote opportunities for *transit-supportive* development, accommodating a significant supply and range of *housing options* through *intensification* and *redevelopment* where this can be accommodate taking into account existing building stock or areas, including *brownfield sites*, and the availability of suitable existing or planned *infrastructure* and *public service facilities* required to accommodate projected needs (section 1.1.3.3);
- appropriate development standards should be promoted which facilitate *intensification, redevelopment and compact form*, while avoiding or mitigating risks to public health and safety (section 1.1.3.4);
- new development taking place in designated growth areas should occur adjacent to the existing built-up area and should have a compact form, mix of uses and densities that allow for the efficient use of land, infrastructure and public service facilities (section 1.1.3.6);
- Planning authorities should establish and implement phasing policies to ensure (section 1.1.3.7 a, b):
 - That specified targets for intensification and redevelopment are achieved prior to, or concurrent with, new development within designated growth areas; and,

- The orderly progression of development within designated growth areas and the timely provision of the infrastructure and public service facilities required to meet current and projected needs;
- planning authorities shall provide for an appropriate range and mix of housing options and densities to meet projected market-based and affordable housing needs of current and future residents of the regional market area by (section 1.4.3 b, c, d, e, f):
 - permitting and facilitating:
 - all housing options required to meet the social, health, economic and well-being requirements of current and future residents, including special needs requirements and needs arising from demographic changes and employment opportunities; and,
 - all types of residential intensification, including additional residential units, and redevelopment in accordance with policy 1.1.3.3;
 - directing the development of new housing towards locations where appropriate levels of infrastructure and public service facilities are or will be available to support current and projected needs;
 - promoting densities for new housing which efficiently use land, resources, infrastructure and public service facilities, and support the use of active transportation and transit in areas where it exists or is to be developed;
 - requiring transit-supportive development and prioritizing intensification, including potential air rights development, in proximity to transit, including corridors and stations; and,
 - establishing development standards for residential intensification, redevelopment and new residential development which minimize the cost of housing and facilitate compact form, while maintaining appropriate levels of public health and safety;
- healthy, active communities should be promoted by (section 1.5.1 a, b):
 - planning public streets, spaces and facilities to be safe, meet the needs of pedestrians, foster social interaction and facilitate active transportation and community connectivity;
 - planning and providing for a full range and equitable distribution of publicly-accessible built and natural settings for recreation, including facilities, parklands, public spaces, open space areas, trails and linkages, and, where practical, water-based resources;
- long-term economic prosperity should be supported by (section 1.7.1 c, e):
 - Optimizing the long-term availability and use of land, resources, infrastructure and public service facilities;
 - Encouraging a sense of place, by promoting well-designed built form and cultural planning, and by conserving features that help define character, including built heritage resources and cultural heritage landscapes;
- planning authorities shall support energy conservation and efficiency, improved air quality, reduced greenhouse gas emissions, and preparing for the impacts of a changing climate through land use and development patterns which (section 1.8.1 a, b, e, f, g):
 - promote compact form and a structure of nodes and corridors;

- promote the use of *active transportation* and transit in and between residential, employment (including commercial and industrial) and institutional uses and other areas;
- encourage *transit-supportive* development and *intensification* to improve the mix of employment and housing uses to shorten commute journeys and decrease transportation congestion;
- promote design and orientation which maximizes energy efficiency and conservation, and considers the mitigating effects of vegetation and green infrastructure;
- maximize vegetation within settlement areas, where feasible;
- planning authorities shall prepare for the *impacts of a changing climate* that may increase the risk associated with natural hazards (section 3.1.3).

A Place to Grow: Growth Plan for the Greater Golden Horseshoe, 2020

The subject lands are within the “Built-up Area - Conceptual” on Schedule 2 – A Place to Grow Concept of the Growth Plan for the Greater Golden Horseshoe (2020). The Growth Plan promotes development that contributes to complete communities, creates street configurations that support walking, cycling and sustained viability of transit services which creates high quality public open spaces. The proposal will be evaluated against the Growth Plan for the Greater Golden Horseshoe (GGH) to ensure that it conforms to the Plan. The GGH plan sections applicable to this amendment include but are not limited to:

- the vast majority of growth will be directed to *settlement areas* that (section 2.2.1.2 a):
 - Have a *delineated built boundary*;
 - Have existing or planned *municipal water and wastewater systems*; and,
 - Can support the achievement of *complete communities*;
- Within *settlements areas*, growth will be focused in (section 2.2.1.2 c):
 - *Delineated built-up areas*;
 - *Strategic growth areas*;
 - Locations with existing or planned transit, with a priority on *higher order transit* where it exists or planned; and,
 - Areas with existing or planned *public service facilities*;
- Applying the policies of this Plan to support the achievement of *complete communities* that (section 2.2.1.4 a to g):
 - Feature a diverse mix of land uses, including residential and employment uses, and convenient access to local stores, services and *public service facilities*;
 - Improve social equity and overall quality of life, including human health, for people of all ages, abilities, incomes;
 - Provide a diverse range and mix of housing options, including additional residential units and *affordable* housing, to accommodate people at all stages of life, and to accommodate the needs of all household sizes and incomes;

- Expand convenient access to:
 - A range of transportation options, including options for the safe, comfortable and convenient use of *active transportation*;
 - *Public service facilities*, co-located and integrated in community hubs;
 - an appropriate supply of safe, publicly-accessible open spaces, parks, trails, and other recreational facilities; and,
 - healthy, local, and affordable food options, including through urban agriculture;
- provide for a more *compact built form* and a vibrant *public realm*, including public open spaces;
- mitigate and adapt to the *impacts of a changing climate*, improve resilience and reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and contribute to environmental sustainability; and,
- integrate *green infrastructure* and appropriate *low impact development*;
- to support the achievement of complete communities, municipalities will consider the use of available tools to require that multi-unit residential developments incorporate a mix of unit sizes to accommodate a diverse range of household sizes and incomes (section 2.2.6.3);
- New *development* taking place in *designated greenfield areas* will be planned, designated, zoned and designed in a manner that (section 2.2.7.1 a to c):
 - supports the achievement of *complete communities*;
 - supports *active transportation*; and
 - encourages the integration and sustained viability of transit services.
- The minimum density target applicable to the designated greenfield area of each upper- and single-tier municipality is as follows (section 2.2.7.2 a):
 - The Cities of Barrie, Brantford, Guelph, Hamilton, Orillia and Peterborough and the Regions of Durham, Halton, Niagara, Peel, Waterloo and York will plan to achieve within the horizon of this Plan a minimum density target that is not less than 50 residents and jobs combined per hectare;

Region of Peel Official Plan

The subject application is within the “Urban System” area as established in the Regional official Plan. The proposal will be evaluated against the Region of Peel Official Plan to ensure that it conforms to the Plan. The Region of Peel Official Plan sections that are applicable to this application include but are not limited to:

- direct the area municipalities to only permit *development* and *site alteration* on lands containing *archaeological resources* or areas of archaeological potential if the *significant archaeological resources* have been conserved by removal and documentation, or by preservation on site. Where *significant archaeological resources* must be preserved on site, only *development* and *site alteration* which maintain the heritage integrity of the site may be permitted (section 3.6.2.7);
- Direct the area municipalities to only permit *development* and *site alteration* on *adjacent lands* to protected heritage property where the proposed property has

been evaluated and it has been demonstrated that the heritage attributes of the protected heritage property will be conserved (section 3.6.2.8);

- direct urban development and redevelopment to the Urban System within the 2031 Regional Urban Boundary, as shown on Schedule D, consistent with the policies in this Plan and the area municipal official plans (Section 5.3.2.2);
- plan for the provision and financing of Regional facilities and services so as to efficiently use existing services and infrastructure, and encourage a pattern of compact forms of urban development and redevelopment (section 5.3.2.3);
- require *development* and *redevelopment* in the Urban System to proceed according to the growth management and phasing policies of this plan, and the planned provision of necessary *services* (section 5.3.2.4);
- direct the area municipalities, while taking into account the characteristics of existing communities, to include policies in their official plans that (section 5.3.2.6 a to d):
 - support the Urban System objectives and policies in this Plan;
 - support pedestrian-friendly and transit-supportive urban development;
 - provide transit-supportive opportunities for redevelopment, intensification and mixed land use; and,
 - support the design of communities to minimize crime by the use of such approaches as Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles;
- Develop compact, transit-supportive communities in designated greenfield areas (section 5.5.2.3);
- Plan to achieve a minimum greenfield density target of 50 people and jobs combined per hectare by 2031, to be measured over Peel's designated greenfield area excluding *major environmental features* as defined by the Growth Plan (section 5.5.4.2.1);
- Development within the designated Greenfield Areas shall be designed to meet or exceed the following minimum densities:
 - City of Brampton: 51 residents and jobs combined per hectare;
- Direct the area municipalities to incorporate official plan policies to plan for complete communities within designated greenfield areas that create high quality public open spaces with site design and urban design standards that support opportunities for transit, walking and cycling (section 5.5.4.2.6);
- Municipalities will direct where development in designated greenfield areas will occur in order to achieve the goals, objectives and targets of this Plan (section 5.5.4.2.7);
- encourage and support the efforts by the area municipalities to plan for a range of densities and forms of housing affordable to all households, including low and moderate income households, enabling all Peel residents to remain in their communities (section 5.8.2.3);
- collaborate with the area municipalities and other stakeholders such as the conservation authorities, the building and development industry, and landowners to encourage new residential *development, redevelopment and intensification* in support of Regional and *area municipal official plan* policies promoting *compact forms of development* and residential *intensification* (section 5.8.2.6);

- support the use of Regional roads and other Regional land as part of a safe attractive and accessible active transportation network (section 5.9.10.2.3); and,
- encourage the area municipalities to promote land uses which foster and support the use of active transportation (section 5.9.10.2.4).

City of Brampton Official Plan

The property is designated “Residential” and “Open Space” on Schedule A – General Land Use Designations. The “Residential” designation permits a broad range of housing, ranging from assisted housing to upscale executive housing types. The “Open Space” designation permits a limited amount of uses that are restricted to minimizing the impacts of development on the natural heritage system.

The proposal will be evaluated against the Official Plan to ensure that it conforms to the Plan. The Official Plan policies that are applicable to this application include but are not limited to:

- Brampton’s Designated Greenfield Area forms part of the Region of Peel’s Designated Greenfield Area, which is planned to achieve a density of 50 residents and jobs combined per hectare by 2031. Brampton shall contribute to this target by planning to achieve a density of 51 persons and jobs per hectare over its Designated Greenfield Area by 2031, in accordance with the Growth Plan policies for measuring density (section 3.2.2.2);
- Residential development in areas outside of the Central Area, including the Urban Growth Centre, Mobility Hubs; Major Transit Station Areas or intensification corridors shall generally be limited to 50 units per net hectare. Furthermore, residential and non-residential development outside of these areas shall generally be limited to 4 stories in height (section 3.2.8.3);
- Where the City has deemed that the City Structure would not be compromised, as required by Section 3.2.4, development outside of the Central Area, including the Urban Growth Centres, Mobility Hubs, Major Transit Station Areas or intensification corridors, which is seeking to exceed the limits established in Section 3.2.8.3 and 3.2.8.4 may only be considered subject to the submission of an amendment to this Plan. This amendment is required to demonstrate the following (section 3.2.8.5 (i) to (xii)):
 - The development is consistent with the general intent and vision of the applicable Secondary Plan;
 - The development contributes to the City’s desired housing mix;
 - There is a need for the development to meet the population and employment forecasts set out in Section 2 of this Plan;
 - The development forms part of an existing or planned Complete Community with convenient access to uses which serve the day to-day needs of residents such as commercial, recreational and institutional uses;
 - There is sufficient existing or planned infrastructure to accommodate the development;
 - The development has vehicular access to an Arterial, Minor Arterial, or Collector Road;

- The development is in close proximity to existing or planned higher order transit and maintains or improves pedestrian, bicycle and vehicular access;
- The form of development is compatible and integrates with adjacent land use and planned land use, including lot size, configuration, frontages, height, massing, architecture, streetscapes, heritage features, setbacks, privacy, shadowing, the pedestrian environment and parking;
- The development meets the required limits of development as established by the City and Conservation Authority and that appropriate buffers and sustainable management measures are applied, if necessary, in order to ensure the identification, protections, restoration and enhancement of the natural heritage system;
- The development site affords opportunities for enjoyment of natural open space by the site's adjacency to significant environmental or topographic features (e.g. river valleys, rehabilitated gravel pits, woodlots) subject to the policies of the Natural Heritage and Environmental Management section of this Plan and the City's Development Design Guidelines;
- The development maintains transition in built form through appropriate height, massing, character, architectural design, siting, setbacks, parking and open and amenity space;
- Where possible, the development incorporates sustainable technologies and concepts of low impact development, including measures to mitigate the impacts of the development. This should include the submission of a storm water management plan acceptable to the City and Conservation Authority, which identifies the required storm drainage system and potential impacts on downstream watercourses;
- The policies of this Plan shall prescribe a range of housing accommodation in terms of dwelling type, through appropriate housing mix and density policies. Such housing mix and density policies in Secondary Plans shall reference the Residential Density Categories set out in the tables below and also set out in the "Residential Areas and Density Categories" definitions contained in Section 5 of this Plan (section 4.2.1.2);
- The extent to which a development satisfies the criteria set out in Policy 3.2.8.5 will determine the appropriate density and massing that may be considered. However, recognizing that the Urban Growth Centre, Central Area, Intensification Corridors, Mobility Hubs, and Major Transit Station Areas are the focus areas for higher densities and massing, development outside of these areas should not generally be permitted in excess of 200 units per net hectare or a floor space index of 2.0 (section 3.2.8.6);
- The City shall, in approving new residential developments, take into consideration an appropriate mixture of housing for a range of household incomes, according to substantiated need and demand for the City, as appropriate (section 4.2.1.3);
- The City shall encourage, where deemed appropriate, on-site amenities and facilities in multiple residential development commensurate with the anticipated resident composition of the subject development (section 4.2.1.9);
- In accordance with the Development Design Guidelines, the City recognizes that the key elements of design for residential areas are (section 4.2.1.14 i to vii):

- Variety of housing types and architectural styles;
- Siting and building setbacks;
- Garage placement and driveway design including attached garages, lot widths related to attached garages, rear yard garage locations and driveways;
- Street façade development and allowable projections, including the street address, entrance architecture, grade relationship, windows, projecting elements and roof forms;
- Upgraded elevations at focal locations including corner lots, housing abutting open space and pedestrian links, housing at “T” intersections, and housing at parkettes;
- Incorporation of multiple unit dwellings and apartments; and,
- Landscaping and fencing on private property;
- The City shall encourage the use of the Brampton Accessibility Technical Standards and promotes universal design principles that will enhance accessibility in residential areas (section 4.2.1.18);
- Residential development proposals and complementary uses, including schools, shall be evaluated in accordance with the Development Design Guidelines and Urban Design section of this Plan (section 4.2.7.1);
- Major arterials under the jurisdiction of either the Region of Peel or the City are to be planned, designed, constructed and designated to carry medium to high volumes of medium distance intra-regional traffic at medium speeds and to serve traffic flows between the principal areas of traffic generation, as well as traffic to or from freeways. Provision will be made for transit service through High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) lanes, dedicated transit lanes, or other transit priority measures, where appropriate. The arterials will be designed with a high degree of access control to the abutting properties. Arterial roads should be continuous and able to accommodate direct transit routes and transit priority measures with appropriate street furniture including sidewalks where appropriate. Provision for High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) lanes, dedicated transit lane, or other transit priority measures to facilitate transit operations will be included in the design of new arterial roads, and considered, where appropriate, on existing arterial roads (section 4.5.2.2 (ii));
- The City shall require the conveyance of property for appropriate daylighting triangles and corner rounding on existing roads at such times as the property is to be developed or redeveloped as a condition of site plan approval, consent or subdivision approval, in accordance with City standards based on the functional classifications of the intersecting roadways (section 4.5.2.8);
- Development proposals shall conform to the City of Brampton’s standard requirements for right-of-way design. Operational and maintenance implications and costs must be identified and mitigated as part of a comprehensive block plan process. The City may accept reduced right-of-way proposals that will be reviewed on a site-specific basis provided that it is demonstrated that the proposed design standards are desirable and in keeping with the City’s overall design objectives for the relevant community and mitigate any impact resulting from the reduced right-of-way. The City will be responsible for the development of standard road cross-

sections that it will review, from time to time or as necessary, to ensure responsiveness to development trends (section 4.5.2.9);

- From a streetscape perspective, the City may require additional road right-of-way to accommodate improvements like medians, double-row planted street trees and civic design considerations (section 4.5.2.10);
- The City shall, in planning and providing access to roads, endeavour to achieve a safe and quiet atmosphere in residential areas by (section 4.5.2.23 i to iii):
 - Using street designs, which discourage excessive speeds such as the use of narrower local streets;
 - Requiring the provision of adequate off-street private parking; and,
 - Locating higher density development where access can be safely gained directly from collector streets or through consolidated driveways connecting to arterial streets;
- The City shall encourage the design of roads to incorporate elements such as tree planting, landscaping, buffers, hedgerows, pedestrian facilities, transit stops, bicycle paths, median strips and boulevards and sustainable management practices where appropriate and in accordance with Section 4.11 Urban Design and Section 4.6 Natural Heritage and Environmental Management of this Plan (section 4.5.2.26);
- The City shall ensure that all public road design and construction are consistent with the City of Brampton Accessibility Technical Standards (section 4.5.2.28);
- The City shall protect planned Bus Rapid Transit Corridors in accordance with Schedule “C” to provide for enhanced transit services supported by signal priority and traffic management measures, improved passenger facilities and advanced passenger information systems to facilitate efficient transit connections within Brampton and to adjacent municipalities (section 4.5.4.9);
- The City shall require parking facilities to be located so as to minimize conflict with adjacent land uses and traffic movement on the adjacent streets (section 4.5.5.5);
- The City shall develop a system of parks and recreation facilities that provide a wide selection of leisure opportunities for residents of all ages, ability levels and socio-economic backgrounds by (section 4.7.2.1 ii):
 - Requiring that as a condition of development or redevelopment, the dedication of parkland or cash in lieu of parkland dedication be provided in accordance with the *Planning Act* and Section 5.21 of this Plan;
- The City will require developers of multiple residential developments (i.e. block townhouses and apartments) to provide on-site recreational facilities to supplement the public parkland system (section 4.7.2.5);
- Heritage resources will be protected and conserved in accordance with the Standards and Guidelines for the Conservation of Historic Places in Canada, the Appleton Charter for the Protection and Enhancement of the Built Environment and other recognized heritage protocols and standards. Protection, maintenance and stabilization of existing cultural heritage attributes and features over removal or replacement will be adopted as the core principles for all conservation projects (section 4.10.1.8);
- Alteration, removal or demolition of heritage attributes on designated heritage properties will be avoided. Any proposal involving such works will require a

heritage permit application to be submitted for the approval of the City (section 4.10.1.9);

- A Heritage Impact Assessment, prepared by qualified heritage conservation professional, shall be required for any proposed alteration, construction, or development involving or adjacent to a designated heritage resource to demonstrate that the heritage property and its heritage attributes are not adversely affected. Mitigation measures and/or alternative development approaches shall be required as part of the approval conditions to ameliorate any potential adverse impacts that may be caused to the designated heritage resources and their heritage attributes. Due consideration will be given to the following factors in reviewing such applications (section 4.10.1.10):
 - The cultural heritage values of the property and the specific
 - heritage attributes that contribute to this value as described in the register;
 - The current condition and use of the building or structure and its potential for future adaptive re-use;
 - The property owner's economic circumstances and ways in which financial impacts of the decision could be mitigated;
 - Demonstrations of the community's interest and investment (e.g. past grants);
 - Assessment of the impact of loss of the building or structure on the property's cultural heritage value, as well as on the character of the area and environment; and,
 - Planning and other land use considerations;
- All options for on-site retention of properties of cultural heritage significance shall be exhausted before resorting to relocation. The following alternatives shall be given due consideration in order of priority (section 4.10.1.12):
 - On-site retention in the original use and integration with the surrounding or new development;
 - On site retention in an adaptive re-use;
 - Relocation to another site within the same development; and,
 - Relocation to a sympathetic site within the City;
- Minimum standards for the maintenance of the heritage attributes of designated heritage properties shall be established and enforced (section 4.10.1.15);
- Components of streetscape shall consist of street trees, lighting, street furniture, signage, built form, landscape features, road infrastructure and sustainable management practices. The design of these streetscape elements shall be coordinate to achieve the following objectives (section 4.11.2.1.2):
 - Communicate the image and character of the community;
 - Reinforce the street network and enhance special community roads (primary streets);
 - Promote an urban relationship between built form and public spaces;
 - Enhance the daily experience of the residents and visitors;
 - Achieve a pedestrian-scaled environment for the public domain that is safe and comfortable;
 - De-emphasize the importance of the car/garage on the streetscapes;

- Promote sustainable management practices to address water quality, including minimizing impervious cover; using “at source controls”, and infrastructure that is environmentally friendly; and,
 - Establish a level of landscaping and paving appropriate to their role in the street network hierarchy and in line with the “Crime Prevention through Environmental Design” principles to reduce the incidence and fear of crime;
- Roofscape shall be designed to provide visual interest for the public streetscape (section 4.11.2.1.3);
- The design and provision of signage shall balance the requirements for the form and identity associated with the particular use with the need to complement and enliven the contiguous streetscape (section 4.11.2.1.4);
- Electrical utilities are required to be placed underground in residential communities. The same standard shall apply to other parts of the City, particularly along arterial roads and in employment areas. Above ground utilities shall be visually screened by the use of “unique” utility box designs, street furniture, light standards and other streetscape elements (section 4.11.2.1.5);
- The placement of appropriate public art shall be encouraged at appropriate public and private development sites to enhance the overall quality of community life by creating local landmarks, humanizing the physical environment, fostering growth of a culturally informed public, and heightening the city image and identity (section 4.11.2.2.2);
- The City may require private development to allocate a portion of the net development site area for the creation of public spaces that allow reasonable use by the public, regardless of patronage (section 4.11.2.6.1);
- A hierarchy of usable spaces should be created and designed to promote their usage through the use of paving materials, site furniture, lighting walls, facades, landscaping and public art (section 4.11.2.6.3);
- These spaces should be linked physically and visually to the pedestrian network and other public spaces (section 4.11.2.6.4);
- The developer should promote the active management and programming of these semi public spaces (section 4.11.2.6.6);
- Tall buildings have a significant presence and become landmarks. They must therefore have very high architectural quality and sensitive design treatments to ensure that they contribute positively to their immediate context as well as the wide Cityscape (section 4.11.3.1.2);
- In addition to addressing the aspects for mid-rise buildings listed in section 4.11.3.1.1, and building and engineering assessments, shadow, view, microclimate and heritage impact studies shall be carried out to determine the potential impacts arising from tall building development (section 4.11.3.1.3);
- Urban design objectives and principles shall form an integral part of the City’s land use planning and decision-making processes to ensure that the goal of achieving an attractive and sustainable physical environment is met. All forms of development shall be subject to the policies of this section (section 4.11.4.1);
- The City shall take a leading role in proactively promoting superior physical development design including the creation of a high quality public realm (section 4.11.4.2);

Amendment to the Official Plan

An amendment to the Official Plan is not required for this application.

Staff will evaluate and make a recommendation on the Official Plan Amendment in the future recommendation report.

Secondary Plan:

The property is designated “Low Density Residential”, “Medium Density Residential”, “Neighbourhood Park” and “Public Middle School Site” in the Countryside Villages Secondary Plan Area SP48(b). The Secondary Plan outlines the policies associated with each designation.

- Section 5.1.2 To ensure conformity with the Provincial Growth Plan and the City’s Growth Management objectives, Countryside Villages Secondary Plan shall be planned to achieve a population in the order of 20,000 persons and to provide approximately 7,500 jobs, resulting in a density of 54 persons and jobs per hectare. Implementing zoning and plans of subdivisions shall contain provisions to ensure the achievement of these targets;
- Section 5.2.1.2 Where a residential use is proposed adjacent to arterial roads an appropriate built form shall be encouraged through a variety of means including: window streets, flankage conditions, laneway conditions, laneway housing and direct frontage for particular residential typologies. Reverse frontages are generally discouraged but will be considered in specific circumstances during the block plan stage of approval.
- Section 5.2.1.3 Where a residential use is proposed adjacent to arterial roads or other noise sources, studies to determine the need for noise attenuation measures shall be completed to the satisfaction of the City of Brampton and the appropriate agencies having jurisdiction.
- Section 5.2.1.4 Any proposal for residential development will have regard for the transition and physical integration with adjacent forms of development and effective separation and buffering from major roads, other noise sources or adjacent non-residential uses.
- Section 5.2.1.5 Residential lots shall be oriented toward and have primary access to the minor collector and local road network in accordance with the intended street character and shall reinforce a well structured and balanced streetscape.
- Section 5.2.1.8 The illumination of parking facilities shall be directed away from the natural heritage system to minimize disturbance to wildlife, to the greatest extent feasible.
- Section 5.2.2.1 In areas designated Low/Medium Density Residential on Schedule 48(a), the following shall apply, subject to Section 5.2.1 of this Chapter:
 - i) Permitted uses include single-detached, semidetached and townhouse structural types;

- ii) A minimum density of 19.5 units per net residential hectare (8 units per net residential acre) and a maximum density of 30.1 units per net residential hectare (12 units per net residential acre) shall be permitted. In addition, approximately 50% of the overall development within the Low/Medium Density Residential designation shall be single structural units. The proportion of single detached structural units shall be determined at the Block Plan stage of approval. In attempting to achieve a minimum 50 persons and job per hectare, the City shall consider minor adjustments to the overall requirement of 50% single-detached structural units at the block plan stage of approval without the need for an amendment to this Chapter.
- Section 5.2.3.1 In areas designated Medium Density Residential on Schedule SP48(a), the following shall apply, subject to Section 5.2.1 of this Chapter:
 - i) permitted uses include single-detached, semi-detached, townhouse, walk-up apartments, duplexes, triplexes, and townhouse structure types;
 - ii) a minimum density of 30 units per net residential hectare (12 units per net residential acre) and a maximum density of 50 units per net residential hectare (20 units per net residential acre) shall be permitted;
 - iii) medium density residential is designated on either side of the east-west collector road on Schedule SP48(a). The boundary of the designation shall be interpreted as being approximate and shall be further refined at the Block Plan stage of approval; and,
 - iv) Notwithstanding the above, high density residential uses in proximity to the intersection of arterial roads may be permitted in this designation in accordance with Section 4.1.1.1 of the Official Plan. Higher density residential will be identified at the block plan of approval stage and the density and related development policies shall be implemented through a block plan initiated official plan amendment.
- Section 5.2.5 Medium-High Density Residential 5.2.5.1 In areas designated Medium-High Density Residential on Schedule 48(a), the following shall apply, subject to Section 5.2.1 of this Chapter:
 - i) Permitted uses include low and mid-rise apartments and medium-high density residential dwelling units;
 - ii) A maximum density of 95 units per net hectare (38.5 units per net residential acre) shall be permitted; and,
 - iii) A maximum building height of 8 storeys shall be permitted.
- Section 5.2.5.2. The lands designated “Medium-High Density” located in Sub-Area 48-2 shall have a minimum building height of 4-storeys and a maximum of 8-storeys. A building height of 6-storeys is encouraged.
- Section 5.2.5.3. Notwithstanding Section 5.2.5.1(i), the lands designated “Medium-High Density” along the north side of Inspire Boulevard, directly east of lands designated “District Retail,” shall only permit mid-rise apartments
- Section 5.4.1.1 Areas designated within the Natural Heritage and Environmental Management designation are shown schematically or symbolically on Schedule SP48(a). The precise locations, configurations and boundaries of the natural areas, features and stormwater management facilities shall be confirmed through detailed studies and plans such as the Master Environmental Servicing Plan

(MESP) and an Environmental Implementation Report, as part of the Block Plan Process, and may be refined without further amendment to this Plan. These studies may include, but are not limited to:

- x) An Environmental Implementation Report;
 - xi) An Environmental Impact Study;
 - xii) A Stormwater Management Study;
 - xiii) A Functional Servicing Report;
 - xiv) Woodlot Management;
 - xv) Vegetation Assessment Study;
 - xvi) Tree Preservation Plan.
- Section 5.4.1.2 Other natural features determined, through detailed vegetation evaluation, to be worthy of preservation, shall be protected and incorporated into the open space network and development proposals, wherever practical.
 - Section 5.4.1.3 It is the intent of this Chapter to ensure that the Open Space System, including the natural heritage system, parks, recreational open spaces are given a high profile within the community as visible and accessible public amenities. Homes, parks, vistas and stormwater management facilities may also be permitted adjacent to the edges of the valley where appropriate. The Block Plan Process, including the Environmental Implementation Report, will confirm the extent of road frontage adjacent to such features.
 - Section 5.4.1.4 Pedestrian and cyclist linkages between the various components of the park hierarchy, school sites and the natural heritage features of the open space system such as valleylands shall be defined during the Block Plan Process.
 - Section 5.4.1.5 The location of trails will be confirmed through the block plan process in consultation with the City's Community Design, Parks Planning & Development Division. However, additional ecological studies prepared in support of block planning will need to determine if trails are appropriate in 20 consideration of adjacent environmental hazards and/or ecological sensitivities.
 - Section 5.5.2.1 The lands designated "City Park" on Schedule SP48(a) shall be developed in accordance with the provisions of Section 4.6.3 of the Official Plan.
 - Section 5.5.2.2 A 20 hectare (50 acre) expansion has been designated on the north and east sides of the existing City Park which shall be developed in accordance with the provisions of Section 4.6.3 of the Official Plan.
 - Section 5.5.2.3 Should the municipality not acquire the lands designated for expansion of the City Park described as Part of Lots 16 and 17, Concession 5, E.H.S. within 5 years from the time of draft plan of subdivision approval of the lands that include the City Park, the land designated City Park may be developed for Low/Medium Density Residential uses or an alternative purpose which is compatible and suitable for integration with adjacent development without further amendment to this Plan. An additional 5 years to acquire the lands for the development of the City Park may be provided at the sole discretion of the City provided that a parkland acquisition strategy with specific funding commitments is approved by City Council. The municipality shall require that this policy be implemented through a condition of draft plan approval for any subdivision containing the subject land.

- Section 5.5.2.4 The City Park is traversed by Tributaries B and C of the West Branch of the West Humber River that are of the Countryside Villages natural heritage system. The environmental management of the Park shall be in accordance with Section 4.5 policies of the Official Plan, and sustainable best practices, as appropriate.
- Section 5.5.3.1 Areas designated Neighbourhood Park on Schedule SP48(a) shall be developed in accordance with the provisions of Section 4.6.3 of the Official Plan and this Chapter.
- Section 5.5.3.2 Neighbourhood Parks shall be identified and further refined in terms of location, size, shape, preliminary programming and proximity to housing, at the Block Plan Stage of Approval to accommodate design or park dedication concerns. Neighbourhood parks in this community shall be distinct in design and ecological sensitivity. An appropriate distribution of Neighbourhood Parks shall be assigned throughout the Secondary Plan Area.
- Section 5.5.3.3 With regard to the Neighborhood Park designation in the northwest quadrant of Bramalea Road and Countryside Drive, the ultimate need and location will be determined at the block plan stage of approval.
- Section 5.5.3.4 Where Open Space facilities designated on Schedule SP48(a) abut school sites, it is the intent of the City to co-operate with the relevant School Board(s) to co-ordinate the planning, development, access, maintenance and shared activity programming of school and park facilities, where feasible.
- Section 5.5.3.5 Detailed subdivision designs shall encourage pedestrian and cyclist linkages between the various components of the park hierarchy, school sites and the more natural elements of the open space network.
- Section 5.5.3.6 In further refining the open space network through block planning, subdivision or zoning stages of approval, parks shall incorporate, to the extent practicable, localized portions of existing high quality hedgerows, tree stands and woodlots.
- Section 8.2.1 Stormwater management facilities shall be provided in accordance with Section 4.5.3 and other relevant policies of the Official Plan and this Chapter. Stormwater Management facilities shown on Schedule SP48(a) are conceptual and are permitted in all land use designations on Schedule SP48(a) provided that such facilities are integrated with adjacent uses and subject to the preparation of an Environmental Implementation Report and Functional Servicing Report to the satisfaction of the City of Brampton. Despite this policy, stormwater management facilities such as ponds or channels within Open Space and Institutional (school site) designations may be located without an Official Plan Amendment. Such locations will not be accepted by the City of Brampton or the School Boards unless it can be demonstrated that the long term functionality of the park or school is not impaired or the effective usable area of the site is not reduced.

Block Plan:

The property is identified as “Low / Medium Density Residential”, “Medium Density Residential” and “Park” in the Countryside Villages Block Plan (Area 48-2). The Block Plan outlines the policies associated with each area.

- Section 3.0 Sub-Area 48-2 Block Plan Principles The principles for the block plan area are set out below:
 - a) To create a safe, attractive and pedestrian-oriented community offering a range of housing types and densities;
 - b) To create a distinct and attractive built form through superior urban design;
 - c) To incorporate and utilize alternative development standards, including rear-lane townhouses, roundabouts, bike lanes and reduced right-of-ways;
 - d) To create a street network that promotes pedestrian accessibility to schools, parks, open space and shopping areas;
 - e) To preserve, protect and restore the natural environmental features;
 - f) To provide linkages to natural features within a comprehensive community open space network together with parks, view vistas and storm water management ponds; and,
 - g) To provide for a phased development in accordance with the approved Growth Management Staging and Sequencing Strategy.
- Section 4.1.1 Schedule E illustrates the design attributes of the block plan area that addresses and implements the land use designations and policies of the Countryside Villages Secondary Plan (Chapter 48(b)). Minor adjustments and relocations of the land uses, community features and infrastructure shown on Schedule BP48-2 can be made without the need for an Official Plan amendment as long as the general intent and policy direction of the Countryside Villages Secondary Plan (Chapter 48(b)) is maintained.
- Section 4.7.5 To ensure conformity with the Provincial Growth Plan and the City’s Growth Management objectives, Block Plan Area 48-2 shall be planned to achieve a population in the order of 12,200 persons and employment in the order of 1,300. Implementing zoning and plans of subdivision shall contain provisions to implement these targets.
- Section 4.7.7 All development applications submitted shall conform to the approved recommendations of the Sub-Area 48-2 Environmental Implementation Report and Functional Servicing Report prepared by Beacon Environmental, Dillon Consulting and The Municipal Infrastructure Group.
- Section 4.7.8 All development applications submitted within the boundaries of Sub-Area 48-2 shall be implemented and staged in accordance with the approved Growth Management Staging and Sequencing Strategy for Sub-Area 48-2. This report shall establish the detailed timing and staging of development relative to the sequential delivery of required infrastructure such as roads, schools, parks and engineering services.
- Section 4.7.8.1 The completion of Inspire Boulevard is a key element in the staging of development and establishing the necessary transportation infrastructure for

Block Plan Area 48-2. In this regard, the Growth Management Staging and Sequencing Strategy shall set out requirements and implementing tools for the City and landowners to achieve completion of this road. The Staging and Sequencing Strategy shall provide for the construction of Inspire Boulevard in its entirety from Bramalea Road to Torbram Road in conjunction with the development of any lands located on the west side of Torbram Road.

An amendment to the Block Plan is not required. In accordance with Section 4.1.1, minor adjustments and relocations of land uses are permitted. The proposed development is generally in accordance with the Block Plan and will not require any adjustments.

Zoning By-law Amendment

The subject property is currently zoned: “Agricultural (A)”.

In order to accommodate the proposed uses, the Zoning By-law must be updated to reflect this. The applicant has proposed several zones to permit the requested uses. The Special Sections refer to unique provisions within the by-law that only apply to one specific area. The applicant is currently proposing to use Special Sections that have been used elsewhere. They are as follows:

- Residential Single Detached F-11.6-2983 (R1F-11.6-2983)
- Residential Townhouse E-6.0-2984 (R3E-6.0-2984)
- Residential Townhouse E-4.5-2985 (R3E-4.5-2985)
- Open Space (OS)

The proposed zoning amendment includes revised provisions for setbacks, heights lot area, width and depth and provisions for the garage amongst other provisions.

Sustainability Score and Summary

A full review of the Sustainability Score and Summary will be undertaken and discussed within the Recommendation Report, which will be brought forward to a future Planning and Development Committee meeting. The applicant has completed the sustainability Score, indicating an overall score of 38. This meets the City’s Bronze threshold.

Documents Submitted in Support of the Application

The following is a list of the documents that were provided in support of the Official Plan and Zoning by-law amendment application.

- Official Plan and Zoning By-law Amendment Application
- Plan of Subdivision Application
- Planning Justification Report
- Public Consultation Strategy
- Public Notice Sign

- Sustainability Score and Summary
- Draft Amendment to the Zoning By-law
- Draft Plan of Subdivision
- Noise and Vibration Report
- Functional Servicing Report (includes Site Servicing, Grading and Drainage Plan)
- Hydrogeological Investigation and water Balance report
- Environmental Site Assessment Phase 1
- Archaeological Assessment (stage 1 and 2) and Archeological Summary
- Traffic Impact Assessment

Comments on the circulation of the above noted documents, along with comments on the application from external commenting agencies and City divisions and departments, will be provided in the future recommendation report.